

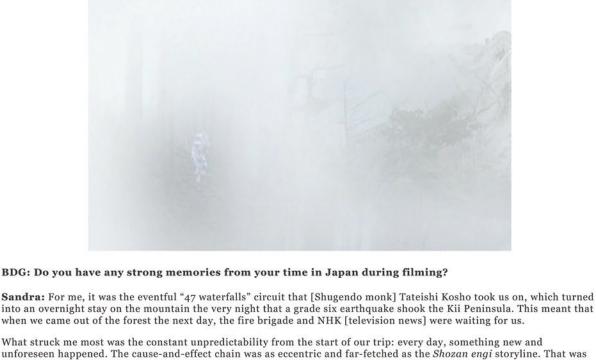


language documentaries on the topic of Shugendo. Buddhistdoor Global had an opportunity to speak with Carina and Sandra about the making of this documentary and their fieldwork in Japan. This is part two of a two-part interview.



spring 2011.

Carina: We then realized that both movies shared not only direct quotes from the Shozan engi, but also one of their main protagonists, Tateishi Kosho. This exchange led not only to an ongoing friendship with Mark over the years, but also to participation in a Shugendo film workshop at the School of Oriental and African Studies (SOAS), University of London, in



Carina: Another densely packed moment was the evening we spent in a restaurant in Shingu City with a group of koshinto [ancient Shinto] specialists. It turned out that the husband of the restaurant owner had filmed the last days of Ibuki Tomyo, a Shugendo practitioner who had intentionally starved himself to death a few years earlier. It was absolutely

really the basic concept of the movie: all that happened to us, we found an echo in the Shozan engi.

especially in Japan, where any conversation is constantly punctuated by little vocal acknowledgments.

surrealistic to view these images and discuss them over an abundant and delicious meal. Like Sandra, I thoroughly enjoyed being carried from moment to moment, never knowing what would happen next, and

almost without pause. It was quite magical and also very tiring at times. It was interesting on a different level, too, because we had to adjust to a shift in our relationship as sisters. Sandra was filming and I was assisting and translating for her, which meant that I did not have the same role as when I do research on my own. It was not always easy to think of being out of the frame, or even just not making any noise during a conversation,



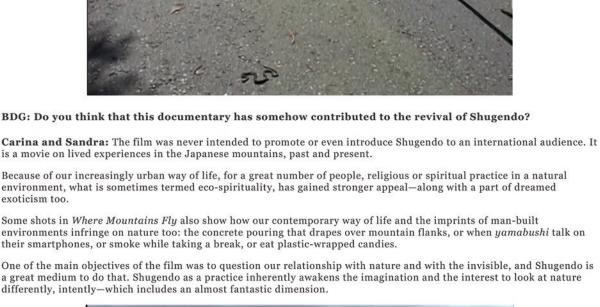
and how did you feel about this gender issue?

BDG: Two women made this documentary about a male-dominated society, what reactions did you receive

Sandra: Not only were we two gaijin, two foreigners, but we were also two sisters. In a sense, this allowed us to bypass a lot of hierarchical hurdles. We were in a kind of free zone that gave us space to move more or less freely. Our status also meant that we remained outsiders. In addition, because Shugendo is Carina's research topic, some things did not need to be explained, which also gave us more latitude, and perhaps a more horizontal access.

Carina: The gender issue was not on our minds, and we had no intention of tackling the contested discussion [of the exclusion of women] on Sanjogatake Peak, for example. The various beings En no Gyoja encounters on his way to Kumano in the passages of Shozan engi that are illustrated in the film are indeed all demonic female beings, but the film does not





a great medium to do that. Shugendo as a practice inherently awakens the imagination and the interest to look at nature differently, intently—which includes an almost fantastic dimension.

Carina Roth is a senior lecturer and research fellow in the Department of East Asian Studies and La Maison de

documentary storytelling. Where Mountans Fly, the film discussed here, relies, for example, on animation for the narrative parts. As a graphic animator, she has also realized numerous animations and audiovisual projects for museums and the Swiss television network. Her ongoing projects include a film on international finance mechanisms. To contact Carina and Sandra, email: dvd@wheremountainsfly.com

Sandra Roth is a visual artist and a Geneva Fine Arts School graduate. She specializes in animation as a tool for

l'histoire at the University of Geneva and Switzerland. She specializes in the history and anthropology of Japanese religions, and is one of the editors of the recently published volume Defining Shugendo: Critical Studies on Japanese Mountain Religion. She is working on the figure of En no Gyoja as founder of Shugendo, as well as on the international

expansion and development of Japanese rituals surrounding abortion and perinatal death (mizuko kuyo).

\* Connecting the Past and Present of Shugendo - The Revival of Japan's Ancient Mountain Ascetic Tradition, Part Seven (BDG) See more

Images courtesy of Carina and Sandra Roth.

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Where Mountains Fly

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Alena Eckelmann Alena Eckelmann is from east of the Wall and south of Berlin, in Germany. She holds an MA in Asian Studies from the School of Oriental and African Studies in London and an MA from Passau University in Germany. In 2005, Alena traveled to Tokyo under the EU-sponsored Executive Training Program and worked as assistant director for the Japan Market Expansion Competition. She has been writing about Japan since her days in Tokyo. In 2011, she moved to Kumano in the south of the Kii Peninsula to begin training with a Shugendo monk. In 2016, she received tokudo from Sakuramotobou Temple in Yoshino, where she continues her Shugendo training. She qualified as a licensed guide for the Kumano Kodo and Koyasan, and is a licensed forest therapy guide. Alena has a deep interest in the spirituality and nature of Japan, which she would like to share with the world. The Shugendo

Diaries is published bimonthly.

The Shozan engi, literally "Mountain Stories of Origin" is a Shugendo document dating to the 12th century. This document constitutes the basis for a documentary film created by two sisters, Carina and Sandra Roth-one of only a few English-